By Senator Calatayud

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A bill to be entitled

An act relating to fines and fees; amending s. 28.24, F.S.; authorizing the clerk of the circuit court to accept payments for a certain administrative charge in monthly installments; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 28.246, F.S.; revising the methods by which the clerk of the circuit court may accept payments for certain fees, charges, costs, and fines; providing requirements for the payment plan; authorizing the court to modify the payment plan or reduce, waive, or convert to community service the outstanding fees, service charges, costs, or fines; providing construction; requiring payment plans to reflect all fines, fees, and court costs incurred by an individual; prohibiting the clerk from sending an incarcerated individual's account to a collection agency for collection or sending a notice to the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to suspend an incarcerated individual's driver license; providing for the early termination of a payment plan for an indigent individual if certain conditions exist; authorizing the clerk to send certain notices; conforming a cross-reference; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending ss. 318.15 and 322.245, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 322.29, F.S.; specifying that a single nonrefundable service fee should be collected when a license is reinstated after certain conditions are met; making technical changes; amending ss. 27.52,

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34.191, and 57.082, F.S.; conforming cross-references; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; reenacting ss. 318.20, 775.083(3), and 938.27(2)(a), F.S., relating to notification, fines, and judgments for costs of prosecution and investigation, respectively, to incorporate the amendment made to s. 28.246, F.S., in references thereto; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Subsection (27) of section 28.24, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

28.24 Service charges.—The clerk of the circuit court shall charge for services rendered manually or electronically by the clerk's office in recording documents and instruments and in performing other specified duties. These charges may not exceed those specified in this section, except as provided in s. 28.345.

(27) (a) For receiving and disbursing all restitution payments, per payment: 3.50, from which the clerk shall remit 0.50 per payment to the Department of Revenue for deposit into the General Revenue Fund.

(b) For receiving and disbursing all partial payments, other than restitution payments, for which an administrative processing service charge is not imposed pursuant to s. 28.246, per month: 5.00.

 $\frac{\text{(c)}}{\text{For setting up a payment plan, a one-time}}$ administrative processing charge $\frac{\text{of}}{\text{in lieu of a per month}}$

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charge under paragraph (b): 25.00. The charge may be paid in five equal monthly payments of 5.00.

Section 2. Section 28.246, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 28.246 Payment of court-related fines or other monetary penalties, fees, charges, and costs; monthly partial payments; community service; distribution of funds.—
- (1) The clerk of the circuit court shall report the following information to the Legislature and the Florida Clerks of Court Operations Corporation on a form, and using guidelines developed by the clerks of court, through their association and in consultation with the Office of the State Courts Administrator:
- (a) The total amount of mandatory fees, service charges, and costs assessed; the total amount underassessed, if any, which is the amount less than the minimum amount required by law to be assessed; and the total amount collected.
- (b) The total amount of discretionary fees, service charges, and costs assessed and the total amount collected.
- (c) The total amount of mandatory fines and other monetary penalties assessed; the total amount underassessed, if any, which is the amount less than the minimum amount required by law to be assessed; and the total amount collected.
- (d) The total amount of discretionary fines and other monetary penalties assessed and the total amount collected.

The clerk, in reporting to the Legislature and corporation, shall separately identify the monetary amount assessed and subsequently discharged or converted to community service, to a

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judgment or lien, or to time served. The form developed by the clerks must shall include separate entries for recording the amount discharged and the amount converted. If a court waives, suspends, or reduces an assessment as authorized by law, the portion waived, suspended, or reduced may not be deemed assessed or underassessed for purposes of the reporting requirements of this section. The clerk also shall report a collection rate for mandatory and discretionary assessments. In calculating the rate, the clerk shall deduct amounts discharged or converted from the amount assessed. The clerk shall submit the report on an annual basis 90 days after the end of the county fiscal year. The clerks and the courts shall develop by October 1, 2012, the form and guidelines to govern the accurate and consistent reporting statewide of assessments as provided in this section. The clerk shall use the new reporting form and guidelines in submitting the report for the county fiscal year ending September 30, 2013, and for each year thereafter.

- (2) The clerk of the circuit court shall establish and maintain a system of accounts receivable for court-related fees, charges, and costs.
- (3) Court costs, fines, and other dispositional assessments shall be enforced by order of the courts, collected by the clerks of the circuit and county courts, and disbursed in accordance with authorizations and procedures as established by general law.
- (4) (a) Each clerk of the circuit court shall accept monthly partial payments for each case type for court-related fees, service charges, court costs, and fines electronically, by mail, or in person in accordance with the terms of the an established

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uniform payment plan form developed by the clerk.

- (b) An individual seeking to defer payment of fees, service charges, court costs, or fines imposed by operation of law or order of the court under any provision of general law <u>must shall</u> apply to the clerk for enrollment in a payment plan. The clerk <u>must shall</u> enter into a payment plan with an individual who the court determines is indigent for costs. <u>If an individual is not in custody</u>, the plan must provide a 30-day grace period for the <u>person to make the first payment</u>. It is the responsibility of an individual who is released from incarceration and has outstanding court obligations to contact the clerk within 30 days after release to pay fees, service charges, court costs, and fines in full, or to apply for enrollment in a payment plan. <u>If an individual is released from incarceration</u>, the plan must <u>provide a 90-day grace period from the day of release for the person to make the first payment</u>.
- 1. A monthly payment amount, calculated based upon all fees and all anticipated fees, service charges, court costs, and fines, is presumed to correspond to the person's ability to pay if the amount does not exceed the greater of:
- a. Two percent of the person's annual net income, as defined in s. 27.52(1), divided by 12; or
 - b. Twenty-five dollars.
- 2. Any amount required by the clerk as down payment to initially establish a payment plan shall be the lesser of 10 percent of the total amount owed or \$100. The amount does not include the imposition of a service charge pursuant to s. 28.24(27)(b), and both the service charge and down payment may be paid monthly as provided in s. 28.24(27)(b) or (c). The clerk

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shall establish all terms of a payment plan, and the court may,
on its own motion or by petition, review and modify the
reasonableness of the payment plan or reduce, waive, or convert
to community service the outstanding fees, service charges,
costs, or fines. Nothing in this subparagraph shall be construed
to allow or waive restitution or child support.

- 3. If a county has more than one case open for an individual against whom fines, service charges, fees, or court costs have been assessed, the monthly payment plan must include the amounts assessed for all of the cases.
- (c) If an individual is incarcerated, the clerk may not refer the individual's account to collections as provided in subsection (7) or send a notice to the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to suspend the individual's driver license for nonpayment or failure to comply with the terms of a payment plan.
- (5) An individual who is indigent as described in s. 27.52(2), an individual who receives public assistance as defined in s. 409.2554(12), or an individual whose income is below 200 percent of the federal poverty level based on the current year's federal poverty guidelines may petition the court to declare that the financial obligations under the payment plan have been met and to terminate the payment plan if, up to the date of the petition, the individual made timely payments for:
- (a) Twelve consecutive months for any financial obligation that was \$500 or less;
- (b) Twenty-four consecutive months for any financial obligation that was more than \$500, but less than or equal to \$1,000; or

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(c) Thirty-six consecutive months for any financial obligation that was greater than \$1,000.

- (6) (a) The clerk may send notices electronically or by mail to remind an individual of an upcoming or missed payment.
- (b) When receiving monthly partial payment of fees, service charges, court costs, and fines, clerks shall distribute funds according to the following order of priority:
- 1. (a) That portion of fees, service charges, court costs, and fines to be remitted to the state for deposit into the General Revenue Fund.
- 2. (b) That portion of fees, service charges, court costs, and fines required to be retained by the clerk of the court or deposited into the Clerks of the Court Trust Fund within the Department of Revenue.
- 3.(c) That portion of fees, service charges, court costs, and fines payable to state trust funds, allocated on a pro rata basis among the various authorized funds if the total collection amount is insufficient to fully fund all such funds as provided by law.
- 4. (d) That portion of fees, service charges, court costs, and fines payable to counties, municipalities, or other local entities, allocated on a pro rata basis among the various authorized recipients if the total collection amount is insufficient to fully fund all such recipients as provided by law.

To offset processing costs, clerks may impose either a per-month 202 service charge pursuant to s. 28.24(27)(b) or a one-time administrative processing service charge at the inception of the

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payment plan pursuant to s. 28.24(27)(b) $\frac{1}{8.28.24(27)(c)}$.

(7) (6) A clerk of court shall pursue the collection of any fees, service charges, fines, court costs, and liens for the payment of attorney fees and costs pursuant to s. 938.29 which remain unpaid after 90 days, except for an individual who is incarcerated, by referring the account to a private attorney who is a member in good standing of The Florida Bar or collection agent who is registered and in good standing pursuant to chapter 559. In pursuing the collection of such unpaid financial obligations through a private attorney or collection agent, the clerk of the court must have attempted to collect the unpaid amount through a collection court, collections docket, or other collections process, if any, established by the court, find this to be cost-effective and follow any applicable procurement practices. The collection fee, including any reasonable attorney attorney's fee, paid to any attorney or collection agent retained by the clerk may be added to the balance owed in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the amount owed at the time the account is referred to the attorney or agent for collection. The clerk shall give the private attorney or collection agent the application for the appointment of court-appointed counsel regardless of whether the court file is otherwise confidential from disclosure.

Section 3. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and subsection (2) of section 318.15, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
318.15 Failure to comply with civil penalty or to appear;
penalty.—

(1)(a) If a person fails to comply with the civil penalties provided in s. 318.18 within the time period specified in s.

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318.14(4), fails to enter into or comply with the terms of a penalty payment plan with the clerk of the court in accordance with ss. 318.14 and 28.246, fails to attend driver improvement school, or fails to appear at a scheduled hearing, the clerk of the court must notify the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles of such failure within 10 days after such failure. Upon receipt of such notice, the department must immediately issue an order suspending the driver license and privilege to drive of such person effective 20 days after the date the order of suspension is mailed in accordance with s. 322.251(1), (2), and (6). The order also must inform the person that he or she may contact the clerk of the court to establish a payment plan pursuant to s. 28.246(4) to make monthly partial payments for court-related fines, fees, service charges, and court costs. Any such suspension of the driving privilege which has not been reinstated, including a similar suspension imposed outside of this state, must remain on the records of the department for a period of 7 years from the date imposed and must be removed from the records after the expiration of 7 years from the date it is imposed. The department may not accept the resubmission of such suspension.

(2) After the suspension of a person's driver license and privilege to drive under subsection (1), the license and privilege may not be reinstated until the person complies with the terms of a periodic payment plan or a revised payment plan with the clerk of the court pursuant to ss. 318.14 and 28.246 or with all obligations and penalties imposed under s. 318.18 and presents to a driver license office a certificate of compliance issued by the court, together with a <u>single</u> nonrefundable

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service <u>fee</u> charge of \$60 imposed under s. 322.29, or presents a certificate of compliance and pays the service <u>fee</u> charge to the clerk of the court or a driver licensing agent authorized under s. 322.135 clearing such suspension. Of the charge collected, \$22.50 shall be remitted to the Department of Revenue to be deposited into the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund. Such person must also be in compliance with requirements of chapter 322 before reinstatement.

Section 4. Subsections (2) and (3) and paragraphs (a) and (c) of subsection (5) of section 322.245, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

322.245 Suspension of license upon failure of person charged with specified offenses offense under chapter 316, chapter 320, or this chapter to comply with directives ordered by traffic court or upon failure to pay child support in non-IV-D cases as provided in chapter 61 or failure to pay any financial obligation in any other criminal case.—

(2) In non-IV-D cases, if a person fails to pay child support under chapter 61 and the obligee so requests, the depository or the clerk of the court <u>must shall</u> mail in accordance with s. 61.13016 the notice specified in that section, notifying him or her that if he or she does not comply with the requirements of that section and pay a delinquency fee of \$25 to the depository or the clerk, his or her driver license and motor vehicle registration will be suspended. The delinquency fee may be retained by the depository or the office of the clerk to defray the operating costs of the office after the clerk remits \$15 to the Department of Revenue for deposit into the General Revenue Fund.

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(3) If the person fails to comply with the directives of the court within the 30-day period, or, in non-IV-D cases, fails to comply with the requirements of s. 61.13016 within the period specified in that statute, the depository or the clerk of the court must electronically notify the department of such failure within 10 days. Upon electronic receipt of the notice, the department shall immediately issue an order suspending the person's driver license and privilege to drive effective 20 days after the date the order of suspension is mailed in accordance with s. 322.251(1), (2), and (6). The order of suspension must also contain information specifying that the person may contact the clerk of the court to establish a payment plan pursuant to s. 28.246(4) to make monthly partial payments for fines, fees, service charges, and court costs.

- (5) (a) When the department receives notice from a clerk of the court that a person licensed to operate a motor vehicle in this state under the provisions of this chapter has failed to pay financial obligations for any criminal offense other than those specified in subsection (1), in full or in part under a payment plan pursuant to s. 28.246(4), the department must suspend the license of the person named in the notice. The department shall mail an order of suspension in accordance with s. 322.251(1), (2), and (6), which must also contain information specifying that the person may contact the clerk of the court to establish a payment plan pursuant to s. 28.246(4) to make monthly partial payments for fines, fees, service charges, and court costs.
- (c) The department \underline{may} shall not be held liable for any license suspension resulting from the discharge of its duties

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under this section.

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Section 5. Subsection (2) of section 322.29, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

322.29 Surrender and return of license.-

(2) Notwithstanding subsection (1), an examination is not required for the return of a license suspended under s. 318.15 or s. 322.245 unless an examination is otherwise required by this chapter. A person applying for the return of a license suspended under s. 318.15 or s. 322.245 must present to the department certification from the clerk of the court that he or she has complied with all obligations and penalties imposed pursuant to s. 318.15 or, in the case of a suspension pursuant to s. 322.245, that he or she has complied with all directives of the court and the requirements of s. 322.245 and must shall pay to the department a single nonrefundable service fee of \$60, of which \$37.50 shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund and \$22.50 shall be deposited into the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund. If reinstated by the clerk of the court or tax collector, \$37.50 must shall be retained and \$22.50 must shall be remitted to the Department of Revenue for deposit into the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund. However, the service fee is not required if the person is required to pay a \$45 fee or \$75 fee under s. 322.21(8).

Section 6. Paragraph (i) of subsection (5) of section 27.52, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 27.52 Determination of indigent status.
- (5) INDIGENT FOR COSTS.—A person who is eligible to be represented by a public defender under s. 27.51 but who is represented by private counsel not appointed by the court for a

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reasonable fee as approved by the court or on a pro bono basis, or who is proceeding pro se, may move the court for a determination that he or she is indigent for costs and eligible for the provision of due process services, as prescribed by ss. 29.006 and 29.007, funded by the state.

- (i) A defendant who is found guilty of a criminal act by a court or jury or enters a plea of guilty or nolo contendere and who received due process services after being found indigent for costs under this subsection is liable for payment of due process costs expended by the state.
- 1. The attorney representing the defendant, or the defendant if he or she is proceeding pro se, shall provide an accounting to the court delineating all costs paid or to be paid by the state within 90 days after disposition of the case notwithstanding any appeals.
- 2. The court shall issue an order determining the amount of all costs paid by the state and any costs for which prepayment was waived under this section or s. 57.081. The clerk shall cause a certified copy of the order to be recorded in the official records of the county, at no cost. The recording constitutes a lien against the person in favor of the state in the county in which the order is recorded. The lien may be enforced in the same manner prescribed in s. 938.29.
- 3. If the attorney or the pro se defendant fails to provide a complete accounting of costs expended by the state and consequently costs are omitted from the lien, the attorney or pro se defendant may not receive reimbursement or any other form of direct or indirect payment for those costs if the state has not paid the costs. The attorney or pro se defendant must shall

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repay the state for those costs if the state has already paid the costs. The clerk of the court may establish a payment plan under s. 28.246 and may charge the attorney or pro se defendant a one-time administrative processing charge under \underline{s} . 28.24(27)(b) \underline{s} . 28.24(27)(c).

Section 7. Subsection (1) of section 34.191, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

34.191 Fines and forfeitures; dispositions.-

(1) All fines and forfeitures arising from offenses tried in the county court <u>must shall</u> be collected and accounted for by the clerk of the court and, other than the charge provided in s. 318.1215, disbursed in accordance with ss. 28.2402, 34.045, 142.01, and 142.03 and subject to <u>s. 28.246(6)</u> and (7) the provisions of s. 28.246(5) and (6). Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, all fines and forfeitures arising from operation of the provisions of s. 318.1215 <u>must shall</u> be disbursed in accordance with that section.

Section 8. Subsection (6) of section 57.082, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

57.082 Determination of civil indigent status.-

(6) PROCESSING CHARGE; PAYMENT PLANS.—A person who the clerk or the court determines is indigent for civil proceedings under this section <u>must shall</u> be enrolled in a payment plan under s. 28.246 and <u>must shall</u> be charged a one-time administrative processing charge under <u>s. 28.24(27)(b)</u> s. 28.24(27)(c). A monthly payment amount, calculated based upon all fees and all anticipated costs, is presumed to correspond to the person's ability to pay if it does not exceed 2 percent of the person's annual net income, as defined in subsection (1),

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divided by 12. The person may seek review of the clerk's decisions regarding a payment plan established under s. 28.246 in the court having jurisdiction over the matter. A case may not be impeded in any way, delayed in filing, or delayed in its progress, including the final hearing and order, due to nonpayment of any fees or costs by an indigent person. Filing fees waived from payment under s. 57.081 may not be included in the calculation related to a payment plan established under this section.

Section 9. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 28.246, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, section 318.20, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

318.20 Notification; duties of department.—The department shall prepare a notification form to be appended to, or incorporated as a part of, the Florida uniform traffic citation issued in accordance with s. 316.650. The notification form must contain language informing persons charged with infractions to which this chapter applies of the procedures available to them under this chapter. Such notification form must contain a statement that, if the official determines that no infraction has been committed, no costs or penalties may be imposed and any costs or penalties that have been paid will be returned. Additionally, the notification form must include information on paying the civil penalty to the clerk of the court and the ability to establish a payment plan pursuant to s. 28.246(4). A uniform traffic citation that is produced electronically must also include the information required by this section.

Section 10. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment

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made by this act to section 28.246, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (3) of section 775.083, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

775.083 Fines.-

(3) The clerk of the court of each county is the entity responsible for collecting payment of fines, fees, service charges, and court costs. Unless otherwise designated by the court, a person who has been ordered to pay court obligations under this section shall immediately contact the clerk to pay fines, fees, service charges, and court costs in full or to apply for enrollment in a payment plan pursuant to s. 28.246(4).

Section 11. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 28.246, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 938.27, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

938.27 Judgment for costs of prosecution and investigation.—

(2) (a) The court shall impose the costs of prosecution and investigation notwithstanding the defendant's present ability to pay. The court shall require the defendant to pay the costs within a specified period or pursuant to a payment plan under s. 28.246(4).

Section 12. This act shall take effect July 1, 2024.