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A bill to be entitled An act relating to health care practitioner prescribing practices; amending s. 456.44, F.S.; requiring health care practitioners to refer or prescribe nonpharmaceutical intervention therapies for chronic nonmalignant pain before prescribing an opioid; requiring a licensed massage therapist to maintain and submit certain patient records to the practitioner; authorizing a practitioner to prescribe an opioid to a patient before all such therapies are exhausted; requiring insurance providers to cover a specific number of visits per referral or prescription for such therapy; authorizing a patient to seek such therapies before seeking treatment from a practitioner; providing for insurance coverage without a practitioner's referral or prescription; providing cost requirements; providing construction; requiring applicable boards to adopt rules for referring and prescribing such therapies for acute pain; amending s. 627.413, F.S.; revising insurance policy contents to include coverage for a specific number of visits per referral or prescription for nonpharmaceutical intervention therapy; providing cost and payment requirements; amending s. 641.201, F.S.; requiring certain governance of health maintenance

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

organizations; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Paragraphs (a) through (c) of subsection (3) of section 456.44, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as paragraphs (f) through (h), respectively, new paragraphs (a) through (e) are added to subsection (3), and subsection (4) of that section is amended, to read:

456.44 Controlled substance prescribing.-

- (3) STANDARDS OF PRACTICE FOR TREATMENT OF CHRONIC NONMALIGNANT PAIN.—The standards of practice in this section do not supersede the level of care, skill, and treatment recognized in general law related to health care licensure.
- (a) Before prescribing an opioid as treatment for any condition that causes chronic nonmalignant pain, a health care practitioner shall refer or prescribe any of the following nonpharmaceutical intervention therapies to a patient based on the practitioner's clinical judgment and the availability of the treatment: acupuncture by an acupuncturist licensed under chapter 457, osteopathic services by an osteopathic physician licensed under chapter 459, chiropractic services by a chiropractor licensed under chapter 460, occupational therapy by an occupational therapist licensed under part III of chapter 468, or massage therapy by a massage therapist licensed under

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chapter 480. A licensed massage therapist to whom a patient has been referred or prescribed shall maintain and submit to the referring or prescribing health care practitioner all records of treatments performed and the patient's progress, improvement, or lack of improvement.

- (b) This section does not prohibit a health care practitioner from prescribing an opioid to a patient before all nonpharmaceutical intervention therapies in paragraph (a) are exhausted.
- insurance product in this state shall provide coverage for at least 20 visits per referral or prescription for nonpharmaceutical intervention therapy, including acupuncture by a licensed acupuncturist, osteopathic services by a licensed osteopathic physician, chiropractic services by a licensed chiropractor, occupational therapy by a licensed occupational therapist, or massage therapy by a licensed massage therapist, if referred or prescribed by a health care practitioner to treat conditions that cause chronic nonmalignant pain.
- (d) A patient may seek treatment for acupuncture, osteopathic services, chiropractic services, occupational therapy, or massage therapy, as defined in chapter 457, chapter 459, chapter 460, part III of chapter 468, or chapter 480, respectively, before seeking treatment from a health care practitioner. A health care practitioner referral or

prescription is not required as a condition of coverage by any insurance provider that offers an insurance product in this state. Any deductible, coinsurance, or co-pay required for any of these therapies may not be greater than the deductible, coinsurance, or co-pay required for a primary care visit.

(e) This section does not prohibit a health care practitioner from simultaneously prescribing an opioid and referring or prescribing any of the nonpharmaceutical intervention therapies in paragraph (a).

This subsection does not apply to a board-eligible or board-certified anesthesiologist, physiatrist, rheumatologist, or neurologist, or to a board-certified physician who has surgical privileges at a hospital or ambulatory surgery center and primarily provides surgical services. This subsection does not apply to a board-eligible or board-certified medical specialist who has also completed a fellowship in pain medicine approved by the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education or the American Osteopathic Association, or who is board eligible or board certified in pain medicine by the American Board of Pain Medicine, the American Board of Interventional Pain Physicians, the American Association of Physician Specialists, or a board approved by the American Board of Medical Specialties or the American Osteopathic Association and performs interventional pain procedures of the type routinely billed using surgical

codes. This subsection does not apply to a registrant who prescribes medically necessary controlled substances for a patient during an inpatient stay in a hospital licensed under chapter 395.

- (4) STANDARDS OF PRACTICE FOR TREATMENT OF ACUTE PAIN.—The applicable boards shall adopt rules establishing guidelines for referring and prescribing nonpharmaceutical intervention therapies, including acupuncture, osteopathic services, chiropractic services, occupational therapy, or massage therapy, and prescribing controlled substances for acute pain, including evaluation of the patient, creation and maintenance of a treatment plan, obtaining informed consent and agreement for treatment, periodic review of the treatment plan, consultation, medical record review, and compliance with controlled substance laws and regulations. Failure of a prescriber to follow such guidelines constitutes grounds for disciplinary action pursuant to s. 456.072(1)(gg), punishable as provided in s. 456.072(2).
- Section 2. Paragraph (h) is added subsection (1) of section 627.413, Florida Statutes, to read:
 - 627.413 Contents of policies, in general; identification.-
 - (1) Every policy shall specify:
- (h) The requirements in s. 456.44 regarding treatment of chronic nonmalignant or acute pain and:
- 1. Cover at least 20 visits per referral or prescription for nonpharmaceutical intervention therapy, including

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acupuncture, osteopathic services, chiropractic services, occupational therapy, or massage therapy, if prescribed or referred by a health care practitioner to treat conditions that cause chronic nonmalignant or acute pain.

- 2. Ensure that any deductible, coinsurance, or co-pay required for any of these therapies is not greater than the deductible, coinsurance, or co-pay required for a primary care visit.
- 3. Ensure that any limitation or condition placed upon payment to, or upon services, diagnosis, or treatment by, any licensed physician shall apply equally to all licensed physicians without unfair discrimination to the usual and customary treatment procedures of any class of physicians.

Section 3. Section 641.201, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

641.201 Applicability of other laws.—Except as provided in this part, health maintenance organizations shall be governed by the provisions of this part, and part III of this chapter, and s. 627.413(1)(h) and shall be exempt from all other provisions of the Florida Insurance Code except those provisions of the Florida Insurance Code that are explicitly made applicable to health maintenance organizations.

Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2019.

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