By Senator Burgess

23-00318A-24 2024332

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to wrecker operators; amending ss. 125.0103 and 166.043, F.S.; requiring counties to establish maximum rates for the storage of electric vehicles; authorizing such maximum rates to exceed a specified rate; amending s. 323.001, F.S.; specifying financial responsibility for vehicles stored more than 30 days at a wrecker operator's storage facility; creating s. 323.003, F.S.; authorizing a wrecker operator to charge certain fees under certain circumstances; amending s. 713.78, F.S.; replacing the term "law enforcement agency" with "governmental entity"; revising the notice requirements for certain unclaimed vehicles; making technical changes; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Paragraph (d) is added to subsection (1) of section 125.0103, Florida Statutes, to read:

125.0103 Ordinances and rules imposing price controls.—
(1)

(d) Counties must establish maximum rates that may be charged by a wrecker operator for the storage of electric vehicles in the operator's storage facilities. Such rates may exceed the rate that is charged for the cost of storing vehicles that run on gasoline or diesel fuels.

Section 2. Paragraph (d) is added to subsection (1) of section 166.043, Florida Statutes, to read:

23-00318A-24 2024332

166.043 Ordinances and rules imposing price controls.—
(1)

(d) Counties must establish maximum rates that may be charged by a wrecker operator for the storage of electric vehicles in the operator's storage facilities. Such rates may exceed the rate that is charged for the cost of storing vehicles that run on gasoline or diesel fuels.

Section 3. Subsection (7) of section 323.001, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

323.001 Wrecker operator storage facilities; vehicle holds.—

(7) When a vehicle owner is found guilty of, or pleads nolo contendere to, the offense that resulted in a hold being placed on his or her vehicle, regardless of the adjudication of guilt, the owner must pay the accrued towing and storage charges assessed against the vehicle. If a vehicle is stored at a wrecker operator's storage facility for more than 30 days, the person, entity, or agency that requested that the vehicle be held at the wrecker operator's storage facility is financially responsible for the daily cost of storing the vehicle after 30 days.

Section 4. Section 323.003, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

323.003 Wrecker operator fees.—A wrecker operator may charge fair and reasonable fees plus 10 percent for the cleanup, containment, and disposal of pollution and hazardous materials.

A wrecker operator may charge fair and reasonable fees plus 10 percent for any cleanup and disposal necessary after an accident or fire or any accidental discharge of any hazardous materials

23-00318A-24 2024332

or debris associated with an electric vehicle.

Section 5. Paragraph (b) of subsection (4) and subsection (6) of section 713.78, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 713.78 Liens for recovering, towing, or storing vehicles and vessels.—

(4)

59

60

61

62

63

64

65

66

67 68

6970

71

72

73

74

75

76

77

78

7980

81

82

83

8485

86

87

(b) Whenever a governmental entity law enforcement agency authorizes the removal of a vehicle or vessel or whenever a towing service, garage, repair shop, or automotive service, storage, or parking place notifies the governmental entity law enforcement agency of possession of a vehicle or vessel pursuant to s. 715.07(2)(a)2., the governmental entity law enforcement agency of the jurisdiction where the vehicle or vessel is stored shall contact the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, or the appropriate agency of the state of registration, if known, within 24 hours through the medium of electronic communications, giving the full description of the vehicle or vessel. Upon receipt of the full description of the vehicle or vessel, the department shall search its files to determine the owner's name, the insurance company insuring the vehicle or vessel, and whether any person has filed a lien upon the vehicle or vessel as provided in s. 319.27(2) and (3) and notify the applicable governmental entity law enforcement agency within 72 hours. The person in charge of the towing service, garage, repair shop, or automotive service, storage, or parking place shall obtain such information from the applicable governmental entity law enforcement agency within 5 days after the date of storage and shall give notice pursuant to paragraph (a). The department may release the insurance company

88

89

90 91

92

9394

95

96

9798

99

100

101

102

103

104

105

106

107

108

109

110

111

112

113

114

115

116

23-00318A-24 2024332

information to the requestor notwithstanding s. 627.736.

(6) A vehicle or vessel that is stored pursuant to subsection (2) and remains unclaimed, or for which reasonable charges for recovery, towing, or storing remain unpaid, and any contents not released pursuant to subsection (10), may be sold by the owner or operator of the storage space for such towing or storage charge 35 days after the vehicle or vessel is stored by the lienor if the vehicle or vessel is more than 3 years of age or 50 days after the vehicle or vessel is stored by the lienor if the vehicle or vessel is 3 years of age or less. The sale must shall be at public sale for cash. If the date of the sale was not included in the notice required in subsection (4), notice of the sale must shall be given to the person in whose name the vehicle or vessel is registered and to all persons claiming a lien on the vehicle or vessel as shown on the records of the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles or of any corresponding agency in any other state in which the vehicle is identified through a records check of the National Motor Vehicle Title Information System or an equivalent commercially available system as being titled. Notice of the sale must be sent by certified mail. The notice must have clearly identified and printed, if the claim of lien is for a motor vehicle, the last 8 digits of the vehicle identification number of the motor vehicle subject to the lien, or, if the claim of lien is for a vessel, the hull identification number of the vessel subject to the lien, in the delivery address box and on the outside of the envelope sent to the registered owner and all other persons claiming an interest therein or lien thereon. The notice must be sent to the owner of the vehicle or vessel and the person having

117

118

119

120

121

122123

124

125

126

127128

129

130

131

132

133

134

135

136

137

138

139

140

141142

143

144

145

23-00318A-24 2024332

the recorded lien on the vehicle or vessel at the address shown on the records of the registering agency at least 30 days before the sale of the vehicle or vessel. The notice must state the name, physical address, and telephone number of the lienor, and the vehicle identification number if the claim of lien is for a vehicle or the hull identification number if the claim of lien is for a vessel, all of which must also appear in the return address section on the outside of the envelope containing the notice of sale. After diligent search and inquiry, if the name and address of the registered owner or the owner of the recorded lien cannot be ascertained, the requirements of notice by mail may be dispensed with. In addition to the notice by mail, public notice of the time and place of sale must shall be made by publishing a notice thereof one time, at least 10 days before the date of the sale, in a central database or online format approved or operated by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in which the sale is to be held. The proceeds of the sale, after payment of reasonable towing and storage charges, and costs of the sale, in that order of priority, shall be deposited with the clerk of the circuit court for the county if the owner or lienholder is absent, and the clerk shall hold such proceeds subject to the claim of the owner or lienholder legally entitled thereto. The clerk is shall be entitled to receive 5 percent of such proceeds for the care and disbursement thereof. The certificate of title issued under this law must shall be discharged of all liens unless otherwise provided by court order. The owner or lienholder may file a complaint after the vehicle or vessel has been sold in the county court of the

23-00318A-24 2024332 county in which it is stored. Upon determining the respective 146 rights of the parties, the court may award damages, attorney 147 148 fees, and costs in favor of the prevailing party. 149 Section 6. This act shall take effect July 1, 2024.