A bill to be entitled
An act relating to the Pinellas County Construction
Licensing Board, Pinellas County; codifying,
reenacting, amending, and repealing special acts
relating to the board; providing definitions; revising
membership of the board; revising commencement and
expiration of terms; removing provisions relating to
registration; removing obsolete funding and
certification provisions; removing provisions
requiring a code compliance bond and proof of certain
liability insurance as conditions for certification;
repealing chapters 75-489, 78-594, 81-466, 85-490, 86444, 89-504, 93-387, 99-441, 2002-350, 2003-319, 2004403, 2018-179, and 2019-184, Laws of Florida;
providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. This act constitutes the codification of all special acts relating to the Pinellas County Construction

Licensing Board, an agency that regulates certain construction and home improvement contractors practicing in Pinellas County, Florida.

Section 2. Chapters 75-489, 78-594, 81-466, 85-490, 86-444, 89-504, 93-387, 99-441, 2002-350, 2003-319, 2004-403, 2018-

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179, and 2019-184, Laws of Florida, are amended, codified, reenacted, and repealed as herein provided. Notwithstanding the codification or reenactment of any provision herein, nothing herein may be construed as preventing the sunset of certain license categories as provided for in chapter 2023-271, Laws of Florida.

Section 3. The charter for the Pinellas County

Construction Licensing Board is re-created and reenacted to read:

Section 1. (1) It is hereby declared to be the public policy of the state that, in order to safeguard the life, health, property and public welfare of the citizens of Pinellas County, the business of construction and home improvement is a matter affecting the public interest and any person desiring to engage in the business as herein defined on a countywide basis without the necessity of meeting the competency requirements of each municipality in Pinellas County and the requirements of Pinellas County may establish his or her competency and qualification to be certified as herein provided.

(2) The Legislature recognizes that the construction and home improvement industries may pose a danger of significant harm to the public when incompetent or dishonest contractors provide unsafe, unstable, or short-lived products or services.

Therefore, it is necessary in the interest of the public health, safety, and welfare to regulate the construction industry in

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51 Pinellas County. 52 Section 2. Definitions.-53 (1) The definitions found in ss. 489.105(3) and (6) and 489.505(1), (2), (9), and (12), Florida Statutes, as may be 54 55 amended from time to time, apply to this entire act. (2) Notwithstanding subsection (1), the definitions of the 56 57 terms plumbing contractor, master plumber, tile and marble specialty contractor, irrigation system specialty contractor, 58 59 carpentry specialty contractor, natural gas specialty 60 contractor, painting specialty contractor, marine specialty 61 contractor, flatwork masonry specialty contractor, structural masonry contractor, drywall specialty contractor, air 62 conditioning journeyman, journeyman electric, journeyman 63 64 plumber, and contracting may be determined by rules established 65 by the Pinellas County Construction Licensing Board. 66 (3) The term "board" or "PCCLB" means the Pinellas County 67 Construction Licensing Board. 68 Section 3. Pinellas County Construction Licensing Board; 69 organization, meetings, and powers.-70 (1) The PCCLB is created, within the County of Pinellas, consisting of 15 members. All members of the board must be 71 72 residents of Pinellas County with the exception of any 73 governmental building officials. All members of the board shall 74 be appointed by the Pinellas County Board of County 75 Commissioners, as follows:

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76	(a) Eight members including the following:
77	1. One general contractor who is licensed to do business
78	in this state and actively engaged in the profession.
79	2. One architect who is registered to practice in this
80	state and actively engaged in the profession.
81	3. One residential contractor who is licensed to do
82	business in this state and actively engaged in the profession.
83	4. One electrical contractor who is licensed to do
84	business in this state and actively engaged in the profession.
85	5. One plumbing contractor who is licensed to do business
86	in this state and actively engaged in the profession.
87	6. One mechanical contractor or Class A air-conditioning
88	contractor who is licensed to do business in this state and
89	actively engaged in the profession.
90	7. One roofing or sheet metal contractor who is licensed
91	to do business in this state and actively engaged in the
92	profession.
93	8. One swimming pool contractor, specialty structure
94	contractor, or veneer specialty contractor who is licensed to do
95	business in this state and actively engaged in the profession.
96	(b) A Pinellas County building official.
97	(c) Two consumer representatives not affiliated with the
98	construction industry.
99	(d) A fire official.
100	(e) Three building officials as follows:

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1. A North county building official from one of the following municipalities: Clearwater, Tarpon Springs, Dunedin, Oldsmar, Safety Harbor, Belleair, Belleair Bluffs, or Largo.

2. A South county building official from one of the following municipalities: St. Petersburg, South Pasadena, Gulfport, Seminole, Kenneth City, or Pinellas Park.

- 3. A Beach community building official from one of the following municipalities: Belleair Beach, Belleair Shore,

 Redington Beach, North Redington Beach, Madeira Beach, Indian Rocks Beach, Indian Shores, Redington Shores, Treasure Island, or St. Pete Beach.
- (2) (a) To be eligible for appointment to the first board, each member, other than the building official, the architect, and the consumer member, shall personally hold an unexpired certified license issued by the City of St. Petersburg, the City of Clearwater, the County of Pinellas, or the State of Florida at the time of appointment; be actively engaged in his or her respective business and have been so engaged for a period of at least 5 consecutive years before the date of appointment; and be a citizen and resident of the county.
- (b) Each member of the board, other than the building official, the architect, and the consumer member, succeeding the original appointees shall possess the qualifications prescribed in paragraph (a).
 - (3) (a) A board member may not serve more than two

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consecutive terms of 4 years but may be reappointed after a 2-year hiatus. This limitation shall not apply to any of the governmental buildings official or fire official appointees.

- (b) The terms of the following members expire in evennumbered years: the general contractor, the architect, the
 residential contractor, the electrical contractor, the consumer
 representative, and the North county and Beach Community
 building officials. The terms of the following members shall
 commence in odd-numbered years: the mechanical contractor or
 Class A air conditioning contractor; the fire official; the
 roofing or sheet metal contractor; the swimming pool contractor,
 specialty structural contractor, or veneer specialty contractor;
 the plumbing contractor; the consumer representative; and the
 South county building official.
- (c) As the terms of the members expire, the Board of
 County Commissioners shall appoint a member to fill the vacancy
 for a term for 4 years. The board shall elect from its members a
 chair and a vice chair for term of up to 2 years. All terms of
 office expire on September 30 of the last year of the term.

 Vacancies in the membership occurring prior to the end of a
 member's term for any cause shall be filled by the Pinellas
 County Board of County Commissioners.
- (4) The board shall meet regularly as needed. Special meetings of the board may be held as the board provides in its rules and regulations. A majority of the members of the board

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constitutes a quorum.

(5) The board is authorized to adopt rules and regulations in accordance with s. 162.08, Florida Statutes, to carry out the provisions of this act.

- officer designated by the board may administer oaths and take testimony about all matters within the jurisdiction of the board, issue subpoenas which shall be supported by affidavit, serve subpoena and other process, and compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of books, papers, documents, and other evidence. Chapter 120, Florida Statutes, will govern hearings conducted by or on behalf of the board. The board is designated an "agency" as defined in s. 120.52(1)(c), Florida Statutes, for purposes of utilizing the Division of Administrative Hearings of the Department of Administration.
- (7) The board is authorized to employ personnel and incur expenses as necessary to perform its duties and enforce this act and shall sue and be sued in its official name.
- (8) The board shall adopt a seal for its use containing the words "Pinellas County Construction Licensing Board."
- (9) The board is authorized to waive any examination requirements for PCCLB certification of a contractor or journeyman, except that all required insurance coverage shall not be waived.
 - (10) The board shall be empowered to issue cease and

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desist orders in accordance with s. 489.113, Florida Statutes, to prohibit any person from engaging in the business of contacting who does not hold the required certification for the type of work being performed under this act.

- (11) The board shall be empowered to employ investigators or inspectors to enforce the provisions of this act and to issue citations in accordance with s. 489.127(5), Florida Statutes, for violations of this act.
- establish such other reasonable classifications of contractors or journeymen in the construction industry as are required or requested by any municipal or county building department in addition to those specifically enumerated herein, including, but not limited to: aluminum contractors, swimming pool contractors, gas contractors, roofing contractors, and carpentry contractors. Certification of such contractors or journeymen shall be on a countywide basis in accordance with the procedure governing other contractors as set forth in this act.
- (13) Board staff are employees of Pinellas County, and Pinellas County is responsible for all costs associated therewith. The board is a dependent agency of the Board of County Commissioners. The Board of County Commissioners may adopt rules to implement this act, including, but not limited to, rules relating to board finances and contribution for costs associated with this act to be borne by the county, and may

The board shall submit to all local governments in

203	Pinellas County, and make available to the public, a complete
204	report on finances and administrative activities of the board as
205	of the end of each fiscal year.
206	(b) The board is subject to periodic audits performed by a
207	certified auditor chosen by the Board of County Commissioners.
208	(15) Each member of the board who is not otherwise
209	required to file a financial disclosure statement pursuant to s.
210	8, Art. II of the State Constitution or s. 112.3144, Florida
211	Statutes, must file an annual disclosure of financial interests
212	pursuant to s. 112.3145, Florida Statutes.
213	(16) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary if the

remove any member of the board at will.

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- qualified electors of Pinellas County voting in a referendum

 approve the transfer of all authority of the board to the Board

 of County Commissioners, the board shall stand dissolved as of

 the effective date of the referendum.
- Section 4. Disposition of fees; expenses; compensation.—
 All moneys collected by the board shall be received, deposited,
 expended, and accounted for pursuant to law. The expenses of the
 board and its officers and of the examinations held by the
 board, and of other matters in connection with this act, shall
 be paid from the money collected under this act. Members of the
 board shall receive per diem and mileage as provided by law.
 - Section 5. Board jurisdiction and duties. -

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(1)	Except	as h	nerein	provided	, the	board	shall	have
concurrent	jurisc	dicti	ion wit	h munici	pal e	xaminin	ıq boaı	rds.

- (2) The board shall have the duty to promulgate rules and regulations governing the certification of those engaging in county-wide contracting and shall provide for the examination of those so engaged.
- (3) The board shall have the duty to promulgate rules and regulations governing the county-wide certification of journeymen and shall provide for the examination of those so engaged.
- (4) The board shall have the authority to employ persons to enforce the provisions of Section 13(1) of this act.
- (5) The board shall have the duty to promulgate rules and regulations for the administration of a citation program and training of investigators in accordance with s. 489.127(5)(1), Florida Statutes.

Section 6. Examination committees.-

(1) The board shall establish four examination committees to establish the examinations required for certification under this act. One committee shall consist of the board itself to establish and administer the qualifications for certification and the examination for the general contractors, building contractors and residential building contractors, and specialty contractors; one committee shall consist of the Chief Mechanical Inspector from either the City of St. Petersburg, the City of

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251	Clearwater, or the County of Pinellas, and two mechanical
252	contractors residing and engaged in business within the county,
253	all of whom shall be appointed by the board to establish and
254	administer, subject to approval by the board, the qualifications
255	for certification and the examination for mechanical
256	contractors; one committee shall consist of the Chief Electrical
257	Inspector from either the City of St. Petersburg, the City of
258	Clearwater, or the County of Pinellas and two electrical
259	contractors residing and engaged in business within the county,
260	all of whom shall be appointed by the board to establish and
261	administer, subject to approval by the board, the qualifications
262	for certification and the examination for electrical
263	contractors; and one committee shall consist of the Chief
264	Plumbing Inspector from either the City of St. Petersburg, the
265	City of Clearwater or the County of Pinellas, and two plumbing
266	contractors residing and engaged in business within the county,
267	all of whom shall be appointed by the board to establish and
268	administer, subject to approval by the board, the qualifications
269	for certification and the examination for plumbing contractors.
270	(2) The examination committees for electrical contractors,
271	plumbing contractors, and mechanical contractors shall also give
272	examinations for certificates of competency for journeymen in
273	the electrical, plumbing, and mechanical trades, respectively.
274	For purposes of this act, the term "journeyman" means a person
275	who is the holder of a valid certificate of competency issued by

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the board after passing the required examination as provided in this act and who is thereby entitled to perform the manual work of installing plumbing, mechanical, or electrical installations under the general direction of a master in the trade. Each examination committee shall determine the matter to be covered by the examination. The examination shall be of a practical and elementary character sufficiently strict to test the qualifications of the applicant.

- (3) The board shall have jurisdiction over all the examinations and regulations pursuant to this act.
 - Section 7. Certification.—

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- (1) To obtain a PCCLB certificate, an applicant shall submit an application in writing to the board containing the statement that the applicant desires the issuance of a certificate and the class of certificate desired on a form containing the information prescribed by the board, accompanied by the prescribed fee.
- (2) (a) Examinations shall be held at times and places within the county as the board determines, but there shall be at least three examinations a year. Each applicant shall take an objective written examination about his or her fitness for a certificate in the category for which application is made. There shall be a type of examination for all contractor categories that shall apply to the type of work covered by the certificate applied for. The examination shall cover knowledge of basic

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principles of contracting and construction applicable to the category for which a certificate is requested. It shall be an open-book examination consisting of multiple-choice, fill-in, true-false, or short-answer questions and may include or consist of diagrams, plans, or sketches in connection with which the applicant is required to demonstrate his or her knowledge of construction by answering questions keyed to the diagrams, plans, or sketches or make a drawing if required by a certificate of competency examination. All examinations shall be prepared by an independent testing agency, subject to approval of the board.

- (b) A passing grade on the examination is 70 percent.
- (c) Persons desiring to engage in specialty building trades with the county which are not covered by this act and require a municipal or county examination for licensing or certification shall be required to take and pass only one such examination that shall then be recognized in all other municipalities and the county without the necessity for an additional examination.
- (3) Examinations for journeymen certificates of competency shall be conducted by an independent agency and shall be held at the times, conducted in the manner, require the passing grade, and shall be otherwise similar to those prescribed in subsection (2).
 - (4) Upon receipt of the fee and application, the board

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shall investigate the financial responsibility, credit, and business reputation of the applicant and of any business organization on behalf of which he or she proposes to engage in contracting, and the education and experience of the applicant. Within 30 days from the date of the examination, the board shall tell the applicant in writing whether he or she has qualified and, if the applicant has qualified, that it is ready to issue a certificate in the category for which application was made, subject to compliance with the requirements of subsection (5). (5) As a prerequisite to issuance of a contractor's PCCLB certificate, the board shall require the applicant to submit satisfactory evidence that he or she has obtained public liability and property damage insurance for the safety and welfare of the public in amounts to be determined by the board. Thereupon, the PCCLB certificate shall be issued forthwith, but this subsection does not apply to inactive certificates. (6) If an applicant for an original PCCLB certificate, after having been notified to do so, does not appear for examination within 1 year from the date of filing his or her application, the fee paid by him or her shall be credited to the board as an earned fee. A new application for a PCCLB certificate shall be accompanied by another application fee. Forfeiture of a fee may be waived by the board for good cause.

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contracting in any area of the county, including municipalities,

(7) When a PCCLB certificateholder desires to engage in

as a prerequisite therefor, he or she shall only be required to exhibit to the local building official evidence of holding a current certificate issued by the board accompanied by the fee for the occupational license and building permit required of other persons. He or she shall not be required to take a municipal examination to prove his or her competency to obtain a municipal license.

- (8) When a state certificateholder desires to engage in contracting in any area of the county, including municipalities, as a prerequisite therefor, he or she shall be required to exhibit to the local building official, tax collector, or other person in charge of the issuance of licenses and building permits in the area evidence of holding a current state certificate accompanied by the fee for the occupational license and the building permit required of other persons. A state certificateholder shall not be required to take an examination to prove his or her competency for the county or municipality to obtain a county or municipal license.
 - (9) The PCCLB certificate shall not be transferable.
- (10) Persons not desiring to engage in contracting on a county-wide basis may take any required examination of any municipality within which he or she wishes to limit his or her business, except that he or she must register with the board in addition thereto.
 - (11) A municipality may require persons desiring to engage

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in the business of contracting within its boundaries to comply with the examination requirements provided in this act rather than requiring its own examination, but it shall not require both.

Section 8. Business organizations.-

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- (1) When a natural person proposes to do business in his or her own name, a PCCLB certification, when granted, shall be issued only to that individual.
- (2) (a) If the applicant proposing to engage in contracting is a partnership, corporation, business trust, or other legal entity, the application shall state the name of the partnership and of its partners, or the name of the corporation and of its officers and directors, or the name of the business trust and its trustees, or the name of such other legal entity and its members, and furnish evidence of statutory compliance if a fictitious name is used. The application shall also show that the person applying for the examination is legally qualified to act for the business organization in all matters connected with its contracting business and that he or she has authority to supervise construction undertaken by the business organization. The PCCLB certification shall be in the name of the qualifying individual. If a natural person so qualified on behalf of the business organization ceases to be affiliated with the business organization, he or she shall inform the board as provided in this act. In addition, if the natural person is the only

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organization, the business organization shall notify the board of his or her termination and shall have a period of 60 days from the termination of his or her affiliation with the business organization in which to qualify another natural person under the provisions of this act, failing which the certification of the business organization shall be subject to revocation by the board.

- (b) The natural person shall also inform the board in writing when he or she proposes to engage in contracting in his or her own name or in affiliation with another business organization, and he or she or the new business organization shall supply the same information to the board as required for an applicant under this act.
- c) After an investigation of the financial responsibility, credit, and business reputation of the natural person or the new business organization, and upon a favorable determination, the board shall forthwith issue without charge or examination a new PCCLB certificate in the natural person's name.
- (3) When a business organization makes application for an occupational license in any municipality, the application shall be made with the tax collector in the name of the business organization, and the license, when issued, shall be issued to the business organization upon payment of the appropriate

licensing fee and exhibition to the tax collector of a valid certificate issued by the board. The business organization's certified representative shall not be required, upon exhibition of this evidence, to take a municipal examination to prove competency to obtain a municipal license.

Section 9. Reciprocal certification.—The board shall have the authority to grant PCCLB certification to any person who holds a certificate or is registered or otherwise similarly

Section 10. Renewal and restoration of certificates.-

licensed by any other municipality or county in the state.

- (1) PCCLB certificates shall expire annually at midnight on September 30.
- (2) Failure to renew the certificate during September shall cause the certificate to become inoperative, and it is unlawful thereafter for any person to engage or offer to engage or hold himself or herself out as engaging in contracting under the PCCLB certificate unless the certificate is restored or reissued.
- (3) A certificate that is inoperative because of failure to renew shall be restored on payment of the proper renewal fee if the application for restoration is made by September 30 of the subsequent year. If the application for restoration is not made within the 1-year period, the fee for restoration shall be equal to the original application fee and, in addition, the board may require reexamination of the applicant.

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451	(4) A person who is registered or holds a valid PCCLB
452	certificate from the board may go on inactive status, during
453	which time he or she shall not engage in contracting but may
454	retain his or her certificate on an inactive basis on payment of
455	an annual renewal fee during the inactive period.
456	Section 11. Fees
457	(1) The board is authorized to establish reasonable fees
458	for PCCLB certification, examination, Board of Adjustment and
459	Appeals hearings, annual renewal fees, and such other fees
460	deemed necessary to accomplish the purposes of this act.
461	(2) Any funds received by the board from fees which remain
462	uncommitted and unexpended at the end of each biennium shall be
463	paid into the county general revenue fund.
464	Section 12. Records.—
465	(1) All information required by the board of any applicant
466	for a PCCLB certificate or journeymen shall be a public record,
467	except that financial information and examination grades are
468	confidential and shall not be discussed with anyone except
469	members of the board and its staff, but the applicant is
470	entitled to see his or her examination papers and grades. An
471	applicant may waive in writing the confidentiality of his or her
472	examination for the purpose of discussion at meetings of the
473	board.
474	(2) If a PCCLB certificateholder changes his or her name
475	style, address, or employment from that appearing on his or her

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476	current certificate, he or she shall notify the board of the
477	change within 30 days after it occurs.
478	(3) All examinations shall be retained for a period of 2
479	years from the date of the examination.
480	Section 13. Prohibitions; penalties
481	(1) No person shall:
482	(a) Falsely hold himself or herself out as a
483	certificateholder;
484	(b) Falsely impersonate a certificateholder;
485	(c) Present as his or her own the certificate of another;
486	(d) Give false or forged evidence to the board or a member
487	thereof for the purpose of obtaining a PCCLB certificate;
488	(e) Use or attempt to use a certificate which has been
489	suspended or revoked;
490	(f) Engage in the business or act in the capacity of a
491	contractor or advertise himself or herself as available to
492	engage in the business or act in the capacity of a contractor
493	without being duly certified; or
494	(g) Operate a business organization engaged in contracting
495	after 60 days following the termination of its only qualifying
496	agent without designating another qualifying agent.
497	(2) Any person who violates any of the provisions of
498	subsection (1) is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree,
499	punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, Florida
500	Statutes

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Section 14. Revocation of Suspension of Certificate.						
(1) On its own motion or the verified written complaint of						
any person, the board may investigate the action of any						
contractor certified under this act and hold hearings pursuant						
to law. When any complaint involves a contractor certified or						
registered under this act for acts or omissions occurring in any						
area of the county that has a local board, the board shall						
forward the complaint to the local board where the alleged						
violation occurred for its action. Where no local board exists,						
or when such local board waives its jurisdiction, the board						
shall take jurisdiction. The board may take appropriate						
disciplinary action if the contractor is found to be guilty of						
or has committed any one of the acts or omissions constituting						
cause for disciplinary action set out herein or adopted as rules						
or regulations by the board.						
(2) The following acts constitute cause for disciplinary						
action:						
(a) Obtaining a certificate by fraud or misrepresentation.						
(b) Being convicted or found guilty, regardless of						
adjudication, of a crime in any jurisdiction which directly						
relates to the practice of contracting or the ability to						
practice contracting.						
(c) Violation of chapter 455, Florida Statutes.						
(d) Willfully or deliberately disregarding and violating						

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the applicable building codes or laws of the state, the board,

or any municipality or county of this state.

- (e) Performing any act which assists a person or entity in engaging in the prohibited uncertified and unregistered practice of contracting, if the certificateholder knows or has reasonable grounds to know that the person or entity was uncertified.
- (f) Knowingly combining or conspiring with an uncertified person by allowing his or her certificate to be used by the uncertified person with the intent to evade the provisions of this act. When a certificateholder allows his or her certificate to be used by one or more business organizations without having any active participation in the operations, management, or control of such business organizations, such act constitutes prima facie evidence of an intent to evade the provisions of this act.
- (g) Acting in the capacity of a contractor under any certificate issued hereunder except in the name of the certificateholder as set forth on the issued certificate, or in accordance with the personnel of the certificateholder as set forth in the application for the certificate, or as later changed as provided in this act.
- (h) Committing mismanagement or misconduct in the practice of contracting that causes financial harm to a customer.

 Financial mismanagement or misconduct occurs when:
- 1. Valid liens have been recorded against the property of a contractor's customer for supplies or services ordered by the

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contractor for the customer's job; the contractor has received funds from the customer to pay for the supplies or services; and the contractor has not had the liens removed from the property, by payment or by bond, within 30 days after the date of such liens.

- 2. The contractor has abandoned a customer's job and the percentage of completion is less than the percentage of the total contract price paid to the contractor as of the time of abandonment, unless the contractor is entitled to retain such funds under the terms of the contract or refunds the excess funds within 30 days after the date the job is abandoned.
- 3. The contractor's job has been completed, and it is shown that the customer has had to pay more for the contracted job than the original contract price, as adjusted for subsequent change orders, unless such increase in cost was the result of circumstances beyond the control of the contractor, was the result of circumstances caused by the customer, or was otherwise permitted by the terms of the contract between the contactor and the customer.
- (i) Being disciplined by any municipality or county for an act or violation of this act, which discipline shall be reviewed by the board before the board takes any disciplinary action of its own.
- (j) Failing in any material respect to comply with the provisions of this act.

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(k) Abandoning a construction project in which the contractor is engaged or under contract as a contractor. A project is to be considered abandoned after 90 days if the contractor terminates the project without notification to the prospective owner and without just cause.

- (1) Signing a statement with respect to a project or contract falsely indicating that the work is bonded; falsely indicating that payment has been made for all subcontracted work, labor, and materials which results in a financial loss to the owner, purchaser, or contractor; or falsely indicating that workers' compensation and public liability insurance are provided.
- (m) Being found guilty of fraud or deceit or of gross negligence, incompetency, or misconduct in the practice of contracting.
- (n) Proceeding on any job without obtaining applicable local building department permits and inspections.
- (3) If a contractor disciplined under subsection (1) is a qualifying agent for a business organization and the violation was committed in connection with a construction project undertaken by that business organization, the board may impose an additional administrative fine not to exceed \$1,000 against the business organization or against any partner, officer, director, trustee, or member if such person participated in the violation or knew or should have known of the violation and

failed to take reasonable corrective action.

- (4) The board may specify by rule the acts or omissions which constitute violations of this section.
- (5) The board is authorized to take the following disciplinary action:
- (a) Suspend the certificateholder from all operations as a contractor during the period fixed by the board, but the board may permit the certificateholder to complete any contracts then uncompleted.
 - (b) Revoke a certificate.
- (c) Impose an administrative fine or penalty not to exceed \$1,000, which shall be recoverable by the board only in an action at law.
- (d) Require restitution and impose reasonable investigative and legal costs.
- (6) After suspension of the certificate on any grounds set forth in this section, the board may remove the suspension on proof of compliance by the contractor with all conditions prescribed by the board for removal of suspension, or, in the absence of the conditions, as in the sound discretion of the board.
- (7) After revocation of a certificate, the certificate shall not be renewed or reissued for at least 1 year after revocation and then only on a showing of rehabilitation of the contractor. The lapse or suspension of a certificate by

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operation of law or by order to the board or a court, or its
voluntary surrender by a certificateholder, does not deprive the
board of jurisdiction to investigate or act in disciplinary
proceedings against the certificateholder.

(8) The board may restrain any violation of this act by action in a court of competent jurisdiction.

<u>Section 15. Applicability.-</u>

- (1) Nothing in this act limits the power of a municipality or the county to regulate the quality and character of work performed by contractors through a system of permits, fees, and inspections that are designed to secure compliance with and aid in the implementation of state and local building laws or to enforce other local laws for the protection of the public health and safety.
- (2) Nothing in this act limits the power of a municipality or county to collect occupational license and inspection fees for engaging in contracting, or examination fees from persons who are registered with the board pursuant to local examination requirements.
- (3) Nothing in this act limits the power of the municipalities or counties to adopt any system of permits requiring submission to and approval by the municipality or county of drawings and specifications for work to be performed by contractors before commencement of the work.
 - (4) Nothing in this act shall be construed to waive any

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requirements of any existing local ordinance or resolution of the board of county commissioners regulating the type of work required to be performed by a specialty contractor.

- (5) Any official authorized to issue building or other related permits shall ascertain that the applicant contractor is duly certified before issuing the permit. The evidence shall consist only of the exhibition to him or her of current evidence of certification.
- (6) Municipalities or cities may continue to provide examinations for their territorial areas, provided that:
- (a) To engage in contracting in the territorial area, an applicant must also be registered with the board.
- (b) All local contractors' licensing boards or agencies shall transmit annually during August to the board the names of all local licensees, the status of the license, and a report of any disciplinary action taken against the licensee.
 - (c) A certificate has not been issued by the board.
- (7) The right to create local boards in the future by any municipality or the county is preserved.
- (8) This act applies to any contractor performing work for the state, county, or any municipality. They are required to determine compliance with this act before giving a commencement order on any of its contracts for construction, improvement, remodeling, or repair.
 - (9) If an incomplete contract exists at the time of death

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of a contractor, the contract may be completed by any person even though not certified. The person shall notify the board within 30 days after the death of the contractor of his or her name and address. For purposes of this subsection, an incomplete contract is one which has been awarded to, or entered into by, the contractor before his or her death or on which he or she was the low bidder and the contract is subsequently awarded to him or her regardless of whether any actual work has commenced under the contract before his or her death.

Section 16. Exemptions.—This act does not apply to:

- (1) Contractors who work exclusively on bridges, roads, streets, highways, railroads, or utilities and services incidental thereto.
- (2) Any employee of a certificateholder who is a subordinate of such certificateholder if the employee does not hold himself or herself out for hire or engage in contracting except as an employee.
- (3) An authorized employee of the United States, Florida, or any municipality or county, irrigation district, reclamation district, or other municipal or political corporation or subdivision of this state as long as the employee does not hold himself or herself out for hire or otherwise engage in contracting except in accordance with his or her employment.
- (4) An officer appointed by a court when he or she is acting within the scope of his or her office as defined by law

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or court order. When construction projects that were not underway at the time of appointment of the officer by the court are undertaken, he or she shall employ or contract with a certificateholder.

- (5) Public utilities on construction, maintenance, and development work performed by their forces and incidental to their business.
- (6) The sale or installation of any finished products, materials, or articles or merchandise which are not actually fabricated into and do not become a permanent fixed part of the structure, except for spas or inground swimming pools with a capacity in excess of 200 gallons, and for above-ground swimming pools with a capacity in excess of 200 gallons that involve excavation, plumbing, chemicals, or wiring of any appliance without a factory-installed electrical cord and plug. This subsection shall not be construed to limit the exemptions provided in subsection (7).
- (7) Owners of property building or improving one or twofamily residences thereon for the occupancy of such owners and
 not offered for sale. In all actions brought under this act,
 proof of the sale or offering for sale of more than one such
 structure by the owner-builder within 1 year after completion of
 same is prima facie evidence that such structure was undertaken
 for purposes of sale. This subsection does not exempt any person
 who is engaged by such owner or any person other than the owner

726 who acts in the capacity of a contractor.

- (8) Any construction, alteration, improvement, or repair carried on within the limits of any site the title to which is in the United States, or to any construction, alteration, improvement, or repair on any project where federal law supersedes this act.
- (9) Any work or operation of a casual, minor, or inconsequential nature in which the aggregate contract price for labor, materials, and all other items is less than \$500, but this exemption does not apply:
- (a) If the construction, repair, remodeling, or improvement is a part of a larger or major operation whether undertaken by the same or a different contractor or in which a division of the operation is made in contracts of amounts less than \$500 for the purpose of evading this act or otherwise.
- (b) To a person who advertises as a contractor or otherwise represents or exhibits by any manner or device that he or she is qualified to engage in contracting.
- (10) (a) Any construction or operation incidental to the construction or repair of irrigation and drainage ditches;
- (b) Regularly constituted irrigation districts or reclamation districts; or
- (c) Clearing or other work on the land in rural districts
 for fire prevention purposes or otherwise, except when performed
 by a certificateholder or registrant under this act.

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751	(11) A registered architect or engineer acting in his or
752	her professional capacity.
753	(12) Any person who only furnishes materials or supplies
754	without fabricating them into or consuming them in the
755	performance of the work of the contractor.
756	(13) Any person as defined and licensed under chapter 527,
757	Florida Statutes, when such person is performing the work
758	authorized by such license.
759	(14) Any person who is certified under chapter 489,
760	Florida Statutes.
761	Section 17. It is the intent of the Legislature to provide
762	for uniform building codes and uniform life safety codes for
763	Pinellas County. It is further the intent of the Legislature to
764	provide for continuing uniformity of the aforementioned codes by
765	placing the sole authority for making technical amendments to
766	the codes, applicable within the boundaries of Pinellas County,
767	with the Pinellas County Construction Licensing Board.
768	Section 18. For the purpose of establishing rules and
769	regulations for the construction, alteration, removal,
770	demolition, equipment, use, occupancy, location, and maintenance
771	of buildings and structures, Pinellas County hereby recognizes
772	as applicable to the county the codes known as:
773	(1) The Florida Building Code, as may be amended or
774	updated pursuant to general law.

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(2) The applicable version of the National Fire Protection

Association Life Safety Code 101 adopted through the provisions of the Florida Fire Prevention Code or adopted pursuant to the powers of the Florida State Fire Marshal as described in Florida Administrative Code s. 4A-60, as either may be subsequently amended.

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Copies of all amendments or variations thereto adopted by the board pursuant to the provisions of Section 19 shall be filed with and available for inspection at the office of the board.

Section 19. The board shall have the power to amend the codes from time to time, subject to the requirements of s. 553.73(4), Florida Statutes, and may adopt variations for different areas of the county if the variations are justified under the procedures contained herein and in s. 553.73, Florida Statutes. Before making any amendment or variation, the board shall refer the proposed amendment to the appropriate countywide Board of Adjustment and Appeals described in Section 22 for study and recommendations. The board shall then hold a public hearing on the proposed amendment or variation and shall reject, adopt, or defer action upon the recommendation of the Board of Adjustment and Appeals. A two-thirds vote of the board is required to reject any recommendation of the Board of Adjustment and Appeals. The board may adopt amendments to the codes that are necessary as a condition precedent to any federal or statesponsored program, and the governing body of any municipality or

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801	the county may adopt amendments to the administrative chapter of
802	the Florida Building Code. For the purposes of s. 553.73,
803	Florida Statutes, and chapter 98-287, Laws of Florida, as
804	amended by chapter 98-419, Laws of Florida, and chapter 2001-
805	186, Laws of Florida, and as may be subsequently amended, the
806	Pinellas County Construction Licensing Board shall be the sole
807	local governing body authorized to make technical amendments to
808	the Florida Building Code or the version of the National Fire
809	Protection Association Life Safety Code 101 as described in
810	Section 18 and is deemed to be the county-wide compliance review
811	board for Pinellas County as required by s. 553.73(4)(f),
812	Florida Statutes. The PCCLB shall likewise be the local
813	administrative board for the provision of interpretations upon
814	request of local building officials and for the resolution of
815	conflicts of interpretations between local building officials
816	and local fire code enforcement officials. The resolution of
817	these disputes shall be in accordance with applicable general
818	law. The decision of the board interpreting a code, resolving a
819	conflict of interpretation, or adopting an amendment following a
820	recommendation by the applicable Board of Adjustment and Appeals
821	shall be the final local determination of the matter which is
822	subject to the appeal to the Florida Building Commission
823	pursuant to s. 553.73, Florida Statutes, or the State Fire
824	Marshal pursuant to chapter 633, Florida Statutes.
825	Section 20. Except as provided in this law for amendments

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

and variations, the codes shall be exclusively controlling in

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the construction of all buildings and structures within Pinellas County, and no municipality or the county shall adopt any technical amendments, ordinances, rules, or regulations for the construction, alteration, removal, demolition, equipment, use, occupancy, location, and maintenance of buildings and structures that conflict with the codes as amended. Section 21. Inspection and enforcement of the codes shall be effected by the county, the municipalities in Pinellas County, or the authorized designees of either. Section 22. (1) The board shall create four Boards of Adjustment and Appeals as follows: (a) A plumbing, mechanical, and gas Board of Adjustment and Appeals consisting of one mechanical engineer, two plumbing contractors, two natural gas contractors, and two mechanical or Class A air conditioning contractors. This Board of Adjustment and Appeals shall have the powers and duties specified in

(b) An electrical Board of Adjustment and Appeals consisting of one electrical engineer, two electrical contractors, and one member of the building industry at large.

This Board of Adjustment and Appeals shall have the powers and duties provided in subsection (2) for appeals relating to the electrical code.

subsection (2) for appeals relating to plumbing, mechanical, and

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

gas provisions of the Florida Building Code.

(c) A Board of Adjustment and Appeals for the Florida

Building Code provisions not falling within the jurisdiction of
the board created by subsection (a) or subsection (b).

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- (d) A life safety and fire code Board of Adjustment and Appeals consisting of two active fire marshals, two active building officials, and a fifth member to be selected from the joint recommendation of the fire marshals and building officials comprising such Board of Adjustment and Appeals.
- (2) Any appeal which may be brought before either the Board of Adjustment and Appeals for the Florida Building Code or the Board of Adjustment and Appeals for the Life Safety and Fire Code shall be referred to the latter. The Board of Adjustment and Appeals for the Life Safety and Fire Code shall determine whether it has jurisdiction over said appeal. Upon a determination that said board has no jurisdiction, the appeal shall be considered by the Board of Adjustment and Appeals for the Florida Building Code. The Boards of Adjustment and Appeals shall meet as frequently as is required but not less often than once every 3 months. Members of the boards shall serve without compensation. Any person aggrieved by a ruling of a building director or a fire marshal or other fire official of any municipality or of the county, or any building director or fire marshal or other fire official desiring interpretation of a code, may file a written appeal to the proper Board of Adjustment and Appeals. However, if the municipality in which

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Appeals, the aggrieved party must first appeal to the municipal board. After a decision is rendered by the municipal board, the aggrieved party shall have 15 days to file the appeal provided for in this subsection. The decision of the boards shall be furnished to the appealing party in writing within 15 days after the meeting at which the appeal was considered. The decisions of the boards are subject to appeal pursuant to s. 553.73, Florida Statutes.

Section 23. Each Board of Adjustment and Appeals shall have authority to interpret its respective code adopted for the county. Interpretations of the codes shall be based upon specific findings of fact and may be made when any provision of the code is ambiguous as applied to an activity subject to the code or to allow alternate material and types of construction if found to be in conformity with the intent of said code. The codes shall be interpreted liberally to provide safe, economic, and sound buildings and structures in the county. Code interpretations of any Board of Adjustment and Appeals made under this section shall be final administrative actions and shall not be subject to review by the board. Final decisions of the board or any Board of Adjustment and Appeals shall be based upon substantial competent evidence and shall be subject to review by the Florida Building Commission or the Florida State Fire Marshal.

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901		Section	4.	Chap ^r	ters	75-48	39 , 7	8-59	4, 8	1-466 ,	85-490,	86-	
902	444,	89-504,	93-3	887 ,	99-44	41, 20	02-3	50, 2	2003	-319,	2004-403,	2018-	<u>-</u>
		and 2019											
904		Section	5.	This	act.	shall	t.ak	e ef	fect	บทดท	becoming	a law.	

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