By Senator Polsky

30-00459C-25 2025288

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to exceptions to the limitation on termination of pregnancies; amending s. 390.011, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "fatal fetal abnormality"; amending s. 390.0111, F.S.; providing that one physician, rather than two physicians, must make specified medical determinations for purposes of specified medical exceptions to the limitation on termination of pregnancies; revising the criteria of a specified medical exception; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Subsection (6) of section 390.011, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

390.011 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term:

(6) "Fatal fetal abnormality" means a terminal condition that, in reasonable medical judgment, regardless of the provision of life-saving medical treatment, is incompatible with prolonged life outside the womb and will result in death upon birth or shortly imminently thereafter.

Section 2. Subsection (1) of section 390.0111, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

390.0111 Termination of pregnancies.-

(1) TERMINATION AFTER GESTATIONAL AGE OF 6 WEEKS; WHEN ALLOWED.—A physician may not knowingly perform or induce a termination of pregnancy if the physician determines the gestational age of the fetus is more than 6 weeks unless one of

30-00459C-25 2025288

the following conditions is met:

- (a) A physician determines Two physicians certify in writing that, in reasonable medical judgment, the termination of the pregnancy is necessary to save or prolong the pregnant woman's life or avert a serious risk of substantial and irreversible physical impairment or morbidity of a major bodily function of the pregnant woman, including substantial physical impairment to her fertility other than a psychological condition.
- (b) The physician certifies in writing that, in reasonable medical judgment, there is a medical necessity for legitimate emergency medical procedures for termination of the pregnancy to save the pregnant woman's life or avert a serious risk of imminent substantial and irreversible physical impairment of a major bodily function of the pregnant woman other than a psychological condition, and another physician is not available for consultation.
- (c) The pregnancy has not progressed to the third trimester and a physician determines two physicians certify in writing that, in reasonable medical judgment, the fetus has a fatal fetal abnormality.
- (c) (d) The pregnancy is the result of rape, incest, or human trafficking and the gestational age of the fetus is not more than 15 weeks as determined by the physician. At the time the woman schedules or arrives for her appointment to obtain the abortion, she must provide a copy of a restraining order, police report, medical record, or other court order or documentation providing evidence that she is obtaining the termination of pregnancy because she is a victim of rape, incest, or human

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30-00459C-25 2025288

trafficking. If the woman is 18 years of age or older, the physician must report any known or suspected human trafficking to a local law enforcement agency. If the woman is a minor, the physician must report the incident of rape, incest, or human trafficking to the central abuse hotline as required by s. 39.201.

Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2025.